## RECORD OF ADOPTIVE PARENT TRAINING

It is critical that adoptive parents be prepared and knowledgeable about the parenting issues involved in international adoption. By signing the *Social Worker Affirmation Statement*, the home study agency and/or social worker certifies that these specific issues have been discussed and confirms that relevant training has been satisfactorily completed. *The prospective adoptive parent(s) must initial each issue*.

PAP(s) NAMES (PRINT):
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PAP1	PAP2	Training Topic		
		The adoptive parents have discussed the impact that institutionalization may have on children, including infants. 96.48(b)		
		The adoptive parents are aware of the developmental delays that may be evident regarding the child's physical, speech, language, emotional, and psychological development - for both the short term and long term. 96.48(b) & 96.48(c)		
		The adoptive parents have received training on the issues of attachment and bonding. The adoptive parents understand how bonding and attachment occur, and know of ways to facilitate bonding. The adoptive parents understand that the child to be adopted may be attachment resistive or be a disordered child, that there is a continuum of severity with attachment disorders, and that infants are not immune from having attachment difficulties. The adoptive parents have a plan to identify and address these issues should they occur with their child, including identifying those who can provide intervention. 96.48(b)		
		The adoptive parents recognize that they are responsible for their behavior and that their ability to attach and bond with the child can impact the behavior of the child. 96.48(b)		
		The adoptive parents have been prepared regarding abandonment, separation, grief, and loss issues for the child as they relate to placement, initial adjustment, behavior, and later stages of the child's development. The adoptive parents understand that grieving has no time limit, may occur at any one or at numerous stages of development, that children grieve in various ways when they are separated from all that is familiar in their life, and that each child will be different in how they may experience loss, as well as everyday events perceived as losses during long-term adjustment. 96.48(b)		
		The adoptive parents have assessed their personal level of self-esteem and their ability to handle rejection in the event that it is an aspect of the child's behavior during the attachment process. 96.48(b)		
		The adoptive parents have been counseled about difficulties and delays associated with international adoptions. They understand that they may not feel in control of the process and must trust the agency professionals to handle situations. 96.48(b)		
		The adoptive parents have received education about learning disabilities, both known and unknown, which may be present in the child they adopt. 96.48(b)		
		The adoptive parents have received education regarding sensory integration and have a clear understanding of what it is.		
		The adoptive parents have discussed their definition of "special needs" and how this relates to their adoption. They are aware that many post-institutionalized children will need some kind of intervention services. 96.48(b)		
		The adoptive parents have investigated the transracial issues that may be involved in their adoption. They have examined their own community as an appropriate place to raise a child who may be conspicuous in their family; they plan to ensure that the child has appropriate mentors. 96.48 (b) and 96.48(c)		

PAP1	PAP2	Training Topic		
		The adoptive parents know the importance of a "Life Book" for their child and they		
		know how to prepare a Life Book.		
		The adoptive parents understand that they may be prone to parent as they were		
		parented, including any history of emotional, physical, substance or sexual abuse in		
		the background of the adoptive parents. They have been able to adequately address		
		these issues and if needed, have been professionally evaluated.		
		The adoptive parents have been educated regarding the prohibition of using physical punishment, including occasional spanking or verbal ridicule to discipline their children.		
		They are in agreement to not use such means with their children.		
		If the adoptive parents have a history of infertility, they have addressed this issue and their present feelings regarding their infertility.		
		The adoptive parents have assessed how they cope with crisis and each has been assessed for their ability to handle stress.		
		The adoptive parents are prepared that adoption is a lifelong process and they have a realistic expectation that regarding the children's adjustment into the family.		
		The adoptive parents have been counseled about the significance of a will for minor children and they have appointed or considered guardians for their child.		
		The adoptive parents are aware of the behaviors or medical issues that may indicate the need to seek counseling, therapies or medical intervention services.		
		The adoptive parents are aware that they likely will not receive a referral of a "healthy"		
		child, and that the child will likely have some medical and developmental issues, which		
		may or may not be diagnosed. Children who have been institutionalized will be		
		developmentally delayed and may have additional diagnoses that they must investigate		
		prior to adoption so that they are prepared to deal with potential issues. 96.48(b)		
		The adoptive parents have identified international adoption medical experts with whom		
		they may consult prior to accepting a referral. This will help them to understand the		
		potential issues that the child may have and prepare for the types of early interventions		
		they may need.		
		The applicants have realistic expectations and they understand that an adoption is a permanent, irrevocable and unconditional commitment to care and nurture a child. In the event of the disruption/ dissolution of the placement, the family understands that they maintain financial responsibility for the child, and their family is prepared to provide any physical, emotional and/or financial assistance needed to ensure child's best interests.		
		The adoptive parents are aware that they may experience depression post-adoption and they are prepared to seek counseling should this depression be significant enough to warrant therapy.		
		The adoptive parents have a thorough understanding of the reporting requirements of the country they intend to adopt from, including and post-placement or post-adoption reports required by the expected country of origin. 96.48(b)		
		The adoptive parents have discussed and researched the particular special needs they are prepared to accept in a child. The family has pre-identified available resources to help them upon bringing their child home. The family understands that all children will have some type of special need(s).		



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## TRAINING VERIFICATION STATEMENT

In compliance with **Hague Regulation 96.48 (b) and 96.48 (c)** training has been provided to prospective adoptive parents. This Statement verifies the following information was provided:

- Information provided by the Primary Provider;
- Issued discussed during the home study process; and
- Thorough discussion of twelve hours of additional training (15 hours for families adopting through Colombia) as coordinated by the Primary Provider
- 1. Intercountry adoption process, the general characteristics and needs of children waiting adoption, and intercountry conditions that affect children in the Convention country from which the prospective adoptive parent(s) plan to adopt;
- 2. Effects of malnutrition, relevant environmental toxins, maternal substance abuse, and any other known genetic, health, emotional, and developmental risk factors associated with children from the expected country of origin;
- 3. Information concerning the impact of a child leaving familiar ties and surroundings, as appropriate to the expected age of the child;
- 4. Data on institutionalized children and the impact of institutionalization on children, including the effects on children due to the length of time spent in an institution and of the type of care provided in the expected country of origin;
- 5. Information on attachment disorders and other emotional problems that result from abuse, neglect, multiple caregivers, or institutionalization including the impact of trauma on the child's development;
- 6. Information on the laws and adoption process of the expected country of origin, including foreseeable delays and impediments to finalization of an adoption;
- 7. Information on the long-term implications for a family that has become multicultural through international adoption; and
- 8. An explanation of any reporting requirements associated with Convention adoptions, including any post-placement or post-adoption reports required by the expected country of origin.
- 9. Information about the child's history, culture, race/ethnicity, religious and linguistic background; the known health risks specific to my child's nation of origin; and all other medical, social, background, birth history, educational data, developmental history, or another known information about my specific child.

I/We verify that we received the above-described training and had the opportunity to ask questions regarding these issues during our home study process. I am attaching completion certificates of the 12 hours of additional training pursuant to Hague Regulation 96.48 (15 hours for families adopting through Colombia).

PAP 1	_ PAP 2
Date:	
I verify that the training described above was co this family:	impleted and discussed as noted in the home study for
HS Social Worker	HS Agency
Date:	